

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2003:931357 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 140:5036

TI Processes for preparing 3-substituted 1-(chloromethyl)-1,2-dihydro-3h-[ring fused indol-5-yl(amine-derived)] compounds and analogues thereof, and to products obtained therefrom

IN Denny, William Alexander; Yang, Shanjin; Atwell, Graham John; Jeffrey, Scott Charles

PA Auckland Uniservices Limited, N. Z.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 43 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

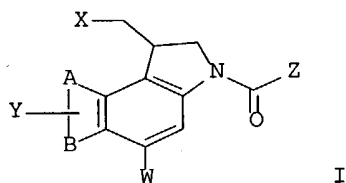
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2003097635	A1	20031127	WO 2003-NZ94	20030519
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
	RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			

PRAI NZ 2002-519031 A 20020517

OS MARPAT 140:5036

GI



AB The invention provides processes of preparing 3-substituted 1-(chloromethyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-[ring fused indol-5-yl(amine-derived)] compds. of formula (I) and its analogs, or a physiol. functional derivative thereof, I, wherein A and B together may represent a fused optionally substituted benzene, naphthalene, pyridine, furan or a pyrrole ring, where the optional substituents are represented by Y; X is halogen or OSO₂R, and W is selected from NO₂, NHOH, N(R₃)₂NHR₃, NHC(O)R₃, N(phthaloyl) or NH₂, or W is further selected from the group -NPJ, wherein J is selected from OH or R, and P is a group which is a substrate suitable for a nitroreductase or carboxypeptidase enzyme. The invention is also directed to the use of compds. of formula I as cytotoxins for cancer therapy and as prodrugs for gene-directed enzyme-prodrug therapy (GDEPT) and antibody-directed enzyme-prodrug therapy (ADEPT).

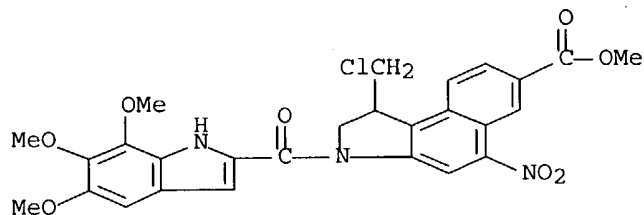
IT 627105-20-8P 627105-29-7P 627105-31-1P

627105-33-3P 627105-35-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)(preparation of)

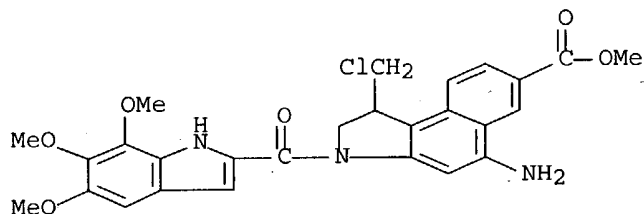
RN 627105-20-8 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Benz[e]indole-7-carboxylic acid, 1-(chloromethyl)-2,3-dihydro-5-nitro-3-[(5,6,7-trimethoxy-1H-indol-2-yl)carbonyl]-, methyl ester (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



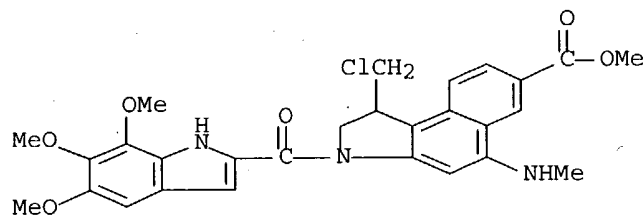
RN 627105-29-7 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Benz[e]indole-7-carboxylic acid, 5-amino-1-(chloromethyl)-2,3-dihydro-3-[(5,6,7-trimethoxy-1H-indol-2-yl)carbonyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



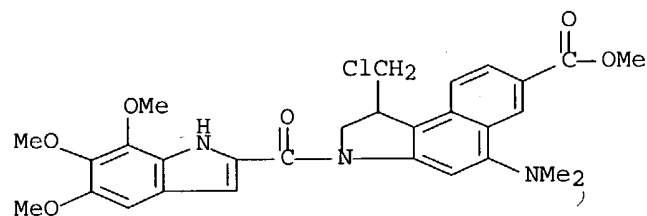
RN 627105-31-1 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Benz[e]indole-7-carboxylic acid, 1-(chloromethyl)-2,3-dihydro-5-(methylamino)-3-[(5,6,7-trimethoxy-1H-indol-2-yl)carbonyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



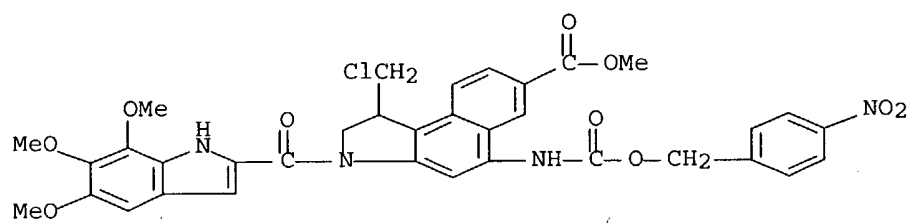
RN 627105-33-3 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Benz[e]indole-7-carboxylic acid, 1-(chloromethyl)-5-(dimethylamino)-2,3-dihydro-3-[(5,6,7-trimethoxy-1H-indol-2-yl)carbonyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 627105-35-5 CAPLUS

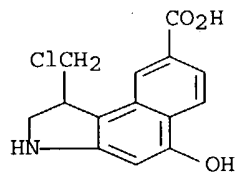
CN 1H-Benz[e]indole-7-carboxylic acid, 1-(chloromethyl)-2,3-dihydro-5-[[[(4-nitrophenyl)methoxy]carbonyl]amino]-3-[(5,6,7-trimethoxy-1H-indol-2-yl)carbonyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 AN 2003:696700 CAPLUS Full-text
 DN 139:219341
 TI DNA-binding amide-drug conjugates
 IN Szekely, Zoltan; Hariprakash, Humcha Krishnamurthy; Cholody, Marek W.;
 Michejda, Christopher J.
 PA The Government of the United States of America, Represented by the
 Secretary Department of Health and Human Services, USA
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 50 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

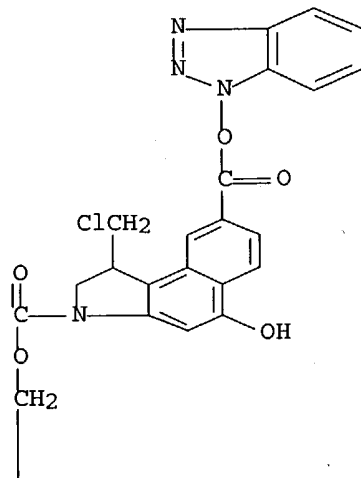
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2003072058	A2	20030904	WO 2003-US6006	20030227
	WO 2003072058	A3	20040805		
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
PRAI	US 2002-361050P	P	20020227		
	US 2002-370168P	P	20020405		
OS	MARPAT 139:219341				
AB	An amide conjugate comprising a DNA intercalator binds to the minor groove of DNA. A composition comprising the conjugate and a carrier is useful for treating cancer in a mammal. Thus, 1-(chloromethyl)-5- hydroxy-1,2-dihydro-3H-benz[e]indole-8-carboxylic acid (CBIr), a rigid DNA alkylator, was prepared and conjugated to an imidazole-containing derivative				
IT	591248-06-5P				
	RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT(Reactant or reagent) (DNA alkylator; DNA-binding polyamide drug conjugates)				
RN	591248-06-5 CAPLUS				
CN	1H-Benz[e]indole-8-carboxylic acid, 1-(chloromethyl)-2,3-dihydro-5- hydroxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				



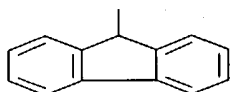
IT 591248-27-0
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (DNA-binding polyamide drug conjugates)
 RN 591248-27-0 CAPLUS
 CN 3H-Benz[e]indole-3-carboxylic acid, 8-[(1H-benzotriazol-1-
 yloxy)carbonyl]-1-(chloromethyl)-1,2-dihydro-5-hydroxy-, 9H-fluoren-9-

ylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A

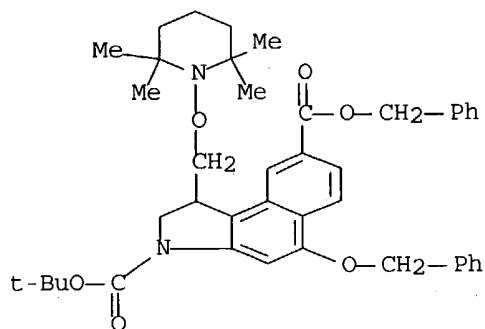


IT 591247-86-8P 591247-87-9P 591247-88-0P
591247-89-1P 591247-90-4P 591247-91-5P
591247-92-6P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation);
RACT (Reactant or reagent) (in dihydrobenzindolecarboxylic acids
preparation; DNA-binding polyamide drug conjugates)

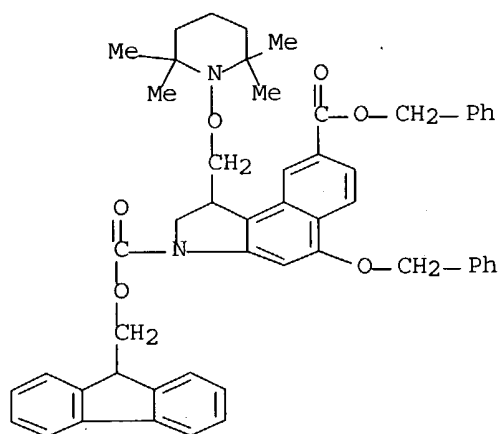
RN 591247-86-8 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Benz[e]indole-3,8-dicarboxylic acid, 1,2-dihydro-5-(phenylmethoxy)-1-
[[[(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-1-piperidinyloxy)methyl]-, 3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)
8-(phenylmethyl) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



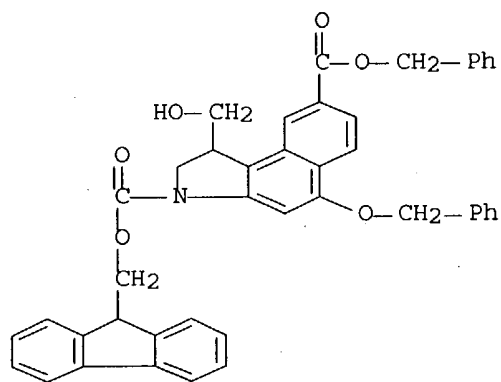
RN 591247-87-9 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Benz[e]indole-3,8-dicarboxylic acid, 1,2-dihydro-5-(phenylmethoxy)-1-
[[[(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-1-piperidinyloxy)methyl]-, 3-(9H-fluoren-9-
ylmethyl) 8-(phenylmethyl) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



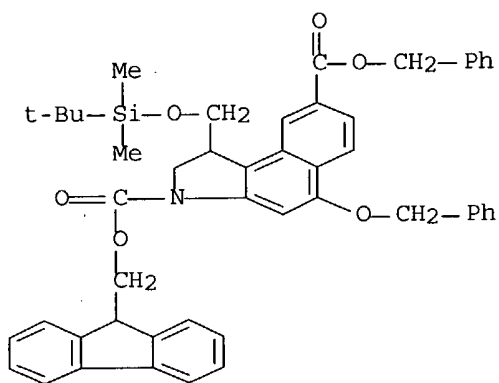
RN 591247-88-0 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Benz[e]indole-3,8-dicarboxylic acid, 1,2-dihydro-1-(hydroxymethyl)-5-(phenylmethoxy)-, 3-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethyl) 8-(phenylmethyl) ester (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



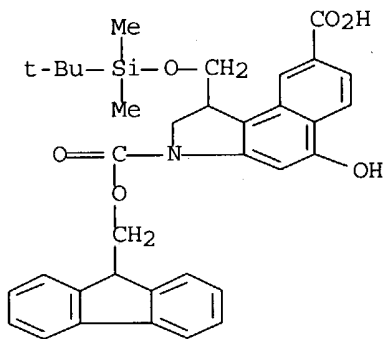
RN 591247-89-1 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Benz[e]indole-3,8-dicarboxylic acid, 1-[[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]methyl]-1,2-dihydro-5-(phenylmethoxy)-, 3-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethyl) 8-(phenylmethyl) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



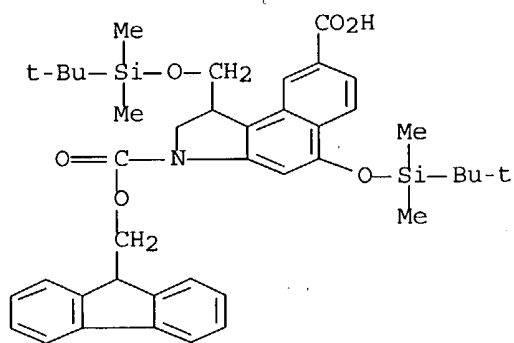
RN 591247-90-4 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Benz[e]indole-3,8-dicarboxylic acid, 1-[[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]methyl]-1,2-dihydro-5-hydroxy-, 3-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethyl) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 591247-91-5 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Benz[e]indole-3,8-dicarboxylic acid, 5-[[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]-1-[[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]methyl]-1,2-dihydro-, 3-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethyl) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

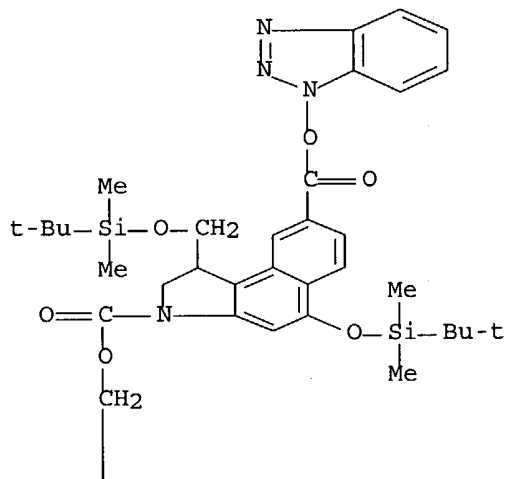


RN 591247-92-6 CAPLUS

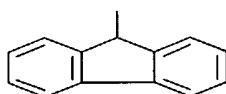
CN 3H-Benz[e]indole-3-carboxylic acid, 8-[(1H-benzotriazol-1-yloxy)carbonyl]-

5-[[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]-1-[[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]methyl]-1,2-dihydro-, 9H-fluoren-9-ylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

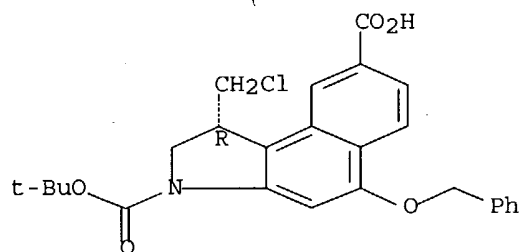


PAGE 2-A



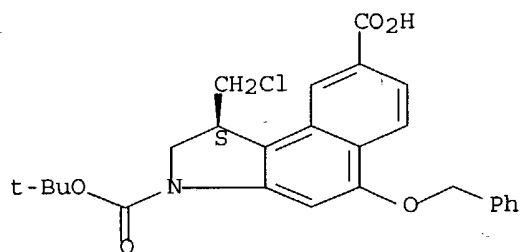
L4 ANSWER 3 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 AN 2001:627681 CAPLUS Full-text
 DN 135:338739
 TI Metal cation complexation and activation of reversed CPyI analogues of
 CC-1065 and duocarmycin SA: partitioning the effects of binding and
 catalysis
 AU Ellis, David A.; Wolkenberg, Scott E.; Boger, Dale L.
 CS Department of Chemistry and The Skaggs Institute for Chemical Biology,
 The Scripps Research Institute, La Jolla, CA, 92037, USA
 SO Journal of the American Chemical Society (2001), 123(38), 9299-9306
 CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863
 PB American Chemical Society
 DT Journal
 LA English
 AB The synthesis and examination of a novel class of reversed CPyI analogs
 of CC-1065 and the duocarmycins are described. Capable of a unique
 metal cation activation of DNA alkylation, these agents allowed the
 effects of the DNA binding domain (104-fold increase in DNA alkylation
 rate and efficiency) to be partitioned into two components: that derived
 from enhanced DNA binding affinity and selectivity (10-80-fold) and that
 derived from a contribution to catalysis (250-5000-fold). In addition,
 the reversed enantiomeric selectivity of these sequence selective DNA
 alkylating agents provides further strong support for a previously
 disclosed model where it is the noncovalent binding selectivity of the
 compds., and not the alkylation subunit or the source of catalysis, that
 controls the DNA alkylation selectivity.
 IT 371248-89-4
 RL: PRP (Properties)
 (metal cation complexation and activation of reversed CPyI analogs of
 CC-1065 and duocarmycin SA)
 RN 371248-89-4 CAPLUS
 CN 3H-Benz[e]indole-3,8-dicarboxylic acid, 1-(chloromethyl)-1,2-dihydro-5-
 (phenylmethoxy)-, 3-(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester, (1R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX
 NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 371248-78-1P
 RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
 (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (metal cation complexation and activation of reversed CPyI analogs of
 CC-1065 and duocarmycin SA)
 RN 371248-78-1 CAPLUS
 CN 3H-Benz[e]indole-3,8-dicarboxylic acid, 1-(chloromethyl)-1,2-dihydro-5-
 (phenylmethoxy)-, 3-(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester, (1S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX
 NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 371248-77-0

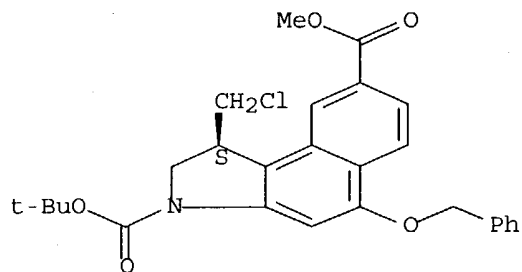
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(metal cation complexation and activation of reversed CPyI analogs of CC-1065 and duocarmycin SA)

RN 371248-77-0 CAPLUS

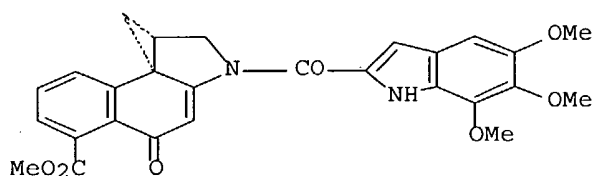
CN 3H-Benz[e]indole-3,8-dicarboxylic acid, 1-(chloromethyl)-1,2-dihydro-5-(phenylmethoxy)-, 3-(1,1-dimethylethyl) 8-methyl ester, (1S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 52 THERE ARE 52 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 4 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 AN 2001:172344 CAPLUS Full-text
 DN 134:340376
 TI Synthesis, Chemical Properties, and Biological Evaluation of CC-1065 and
 Duocarmycin Analogues Incorporating the 5-Methoxycarbonyl-1,2,9,9a-
 tetrahydrocyclopropa[c]benz[e]indol-4-one Alkylation Subunit
 AU Boger, Dale L.; Hughes, Terry V.; Hedrick, Michael P.
 CS Department of Chemistry and The Skaggs Institute for Chemical Biology,
 The Scripps Research Institute, La Jolla, CA, 92037, USA
 SO Journal of Organic Chemistry (2001), 66(7), 2207-2216
 CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263
 PB American Chemical Society
 DT Journal
 LA English
 OS CASREACT 134:340376
 GI



AB The synthesis of 5-methoxycarbonyl-1,2,9,9a-
 tetrahydrocyclopropa[c]benz[e] indol-4-one (C5-CO2Me-CBI), a substituted
 CBI derivative bearing a C5 methoxycarbonyl group, and its corresponding
 5-hydroxymethyl derivative are described in efforts to establish
 substituent electronic effects on the agents' functional reactivity and
 the resulting effect this has on their rate of DNA alkylation.
 Resolution of an immediate C5-CO2Me-CBI precursor and its incorporation
 into both enantiomers of analogs of the duocarmycins are also detailed.
 A study of the solvolysis reactivity and regioselectivity of N-BOC-C5-
 CO2Me-CBI (12) revealed that the introduction of a C5 Me ester modestly
 slowed the rate of solvolysis (1.8+, pH 3) without altering the inherent
 reaction regioselectivity (>20:1). The comparison of the X-ray
 structures of the N-CO2Me derivs. of C5-CO2Me-CBI and CBI revealed
 correlations with the reaction regioselectivity and the relative
 reactivity of the compds. The latter correlated well with the less
 reactive C5-CO2Me-CBI exhibiting a shortened N2-C2a bond length (1.386
 vs 1.390 Å) and smaller χ_1 dihedral angle (8.1° vs 21.2°) indicative of
 greater vinylogous amide conjugation and was accompanied by a diminished
 (cross-conjugated) cyclopropane conjugation (shorter bond lengths).
 Establishment of the DNA alkylation properties revealed that C5-CO2Me-
 CBI-based agents retained the identical alkylation selectivity of the
 natural products. More importantly, the C5 Me ester was found to
 decrease the rate (0.77+) of DNA alkylation relative to CBI, consistent
 with its inherent lower reactivity. These results indicate that the
 previously observed increase in the rate of DNA alkylation for C7-
 substituted CBI analogs including CCBI (7-cyano-CBI) is contrary to
 expectations based on their inherent reactivities. Unlike (I), in which
 the C5 Me ester does not bind in the minor groove, the C7 substituent
 lies in the minor groove extending the rigid length of the agents,
 further enhancing the DNA binding-induced conformational change
 responsible for activation toward nucleophilic attack and catalysis of
 the DNA alkylation reaction.
 IT 337465-84-6P 337465-94-8P

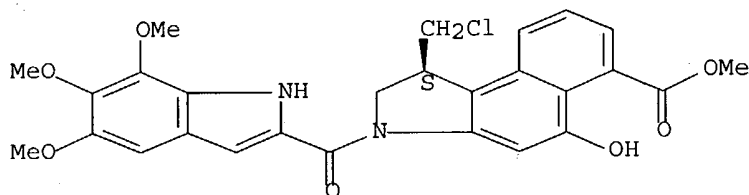
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(synthesis, chemical properties, and biol. evaluation of CC-1065 and duocarmycin analogs incorporating the 5-methoxycarbonyl-1,2,9,9a-tetrahydrocyclopropa[c]benz[e]indol-4-one alkylation subunit)

RN 337465-84-6 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Benz[e]indole-6-carboxylic acid, 1-(chloromethyl)-2,3-dihydro-5-hydroxy-3-[(5,6,7-trimethoxy-1H-indol-2-yl)carbonyl]-, methyl ester, (1S) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

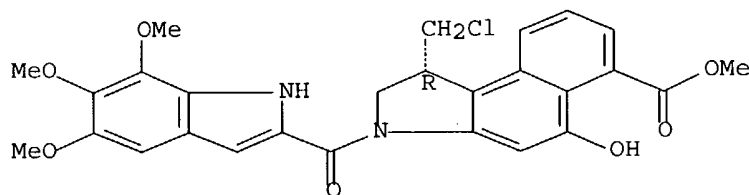
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



RN 337465-94-8 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Benz[e]indole-6-carboxylic acid, 1-(chloromethyl)-2,3-dihydro-5-hydroxy-3-[(5,6,7-trimethoxy-1H-indol-2-yl)carbonyl]-, methyl ester, (1R) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



IT 337465-81-3P 337465-91-5P

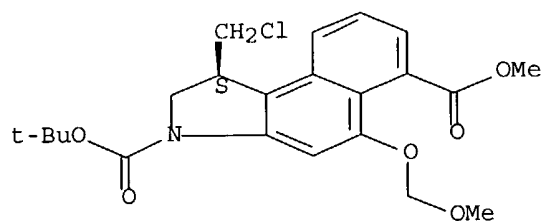
RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PUR (Purification or recovery); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(synthesis, chemical properties, and biol. evaluation of CC-1065 and duocarmycin analogs incorporating the 5-methoxycarbonyl-1,2,9,9a-tetrahydrocyclopropa[c]benz[e]indol-4-one alkylation subunit)

RN 337465-81-3 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Benz[e]indole-3,6-dicarboxylic acid, 1-(chloromethyl)-1,2-dihydro-5-(methoxymethoxy)-, 3-(1,1-dimethylethyl) 6-methyl ester, (1S) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

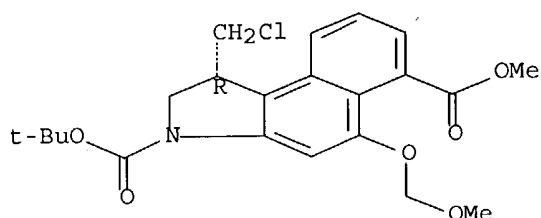
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



RN 337465-91-5 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Benz[e]indole-3,6-dicarboxylic acid, 1-(chloromethyl)-1,2-dihydro-5-(methoxymethoxy)-, 3-(1,1-dimethylethyl) 6-methyl ester, (1R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



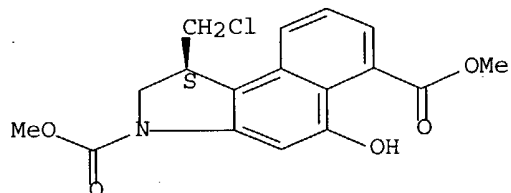
IT 337465-87-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (synthesis, chemical properties, and biol. evaluation of CC-1065 and duocarmycin analogs incorporating the 5-methoxycarbonyl-1,2,9,9a-tetrahydrocyclopropa[c]benz[e]indol-4-one alkylation subunit)

RN 337465-87-9 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Benz[e]indole-3,6-dicarboxylic acid, 1-(chloromethyl)-1,2-dihydro-5-hydroxy-, dimethyl ester, (1S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



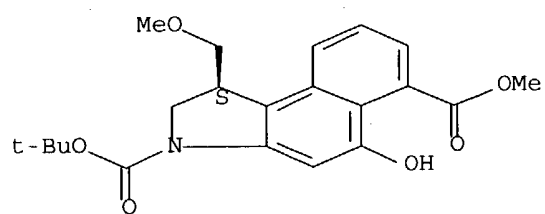
IT 337465-86-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (synthesis, chemical properties, and biol. evaluation of CC-1065 and duocarmycin analogs incorporating the 5-methoxycarbonyl-1,2,9,9a-tetrahydrocyclopropa[c]benz[e]indol-4-one alkylation subunit)

RN 337465-86-8 CAPLUS

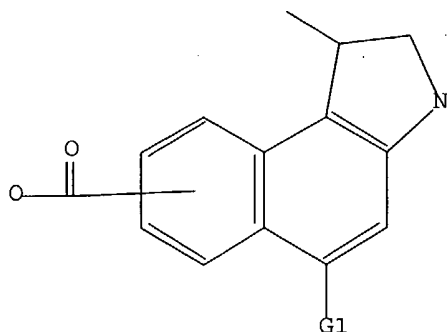
CN 3H-Benz[e]indole-3,6-dicarboxylic acid, 1,2-dihydro-5-hydroxy-1-(methoxymethyl)-, 3-(1,1-dimethylethyl) 6-methyl ester, (1S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 50 THERE ARE 50 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> d l1; d his; log y
L1 HAS NO ANSWERS
L1 STR



G1 O,S,N

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:40:30 ON 09 NOV 2004)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:40:50 ON 09 NOV 2004

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L2 2 S L1
L3 23 S L1 FUL

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:41:21 ON 09 NOV 2004

L4 4 S L3

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	19.48	175.11
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	-2.80	-2.80

STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 16:41:55 ON 09 NOV 2004